

Providence Resources

(PVR-LSE)

Stock Rating: Outperform Industry Rating: Market Perform

April 15, 2014

David Round, ACA

BMO Capital Markets Ltd. +44 0-20 7664 8052 david.round@bmo.com

Pressure on the Farm-out; Initiating Coverage With Outperform Rating

Investment Thesis

The Barryroe discovery should have provided a platform for the company yet the relatively limited appraisal is clearly casting a shadow over the farm-out process. A farm-out was always going to take time, and whilst we are still optimistic on a deal happening, in our view it is unlikely to be the deal the market original hoped for. That said, we believe the net upside at Barryroe is sufficiently high for Providence to give away much more of the project than originally envisaged, and still retain value well in excess of the current market cap.

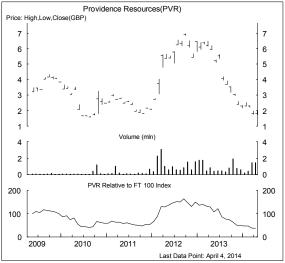
Forecasts & Valuation

We value Providence at 3,088p/sh on a sum-of-parts basis, with 1,061p/sh of this valuation from the Barryroe development (under an assumed farm-out scenario), and the remainder from exploration drilling. Our 643p/sh target price is struck close to a 50% discount to our Core NAV to reflect additional farm-down dilution.

Recommendation

We are initiating coverage of Providence Resources with an Outperform rating and a 643p target price. The market's concern over the valuation of Barryroe is probably warranted to a degree yet, with the shares off 70% over the last 12 months, the market now appears to be pricing in a very worst case scenario, which we believe is unlikely to be the case and gives insufficient credit to Barryroe's potential. Although we expect Providence to face considerable dilution as it farms down Barryroe, sells assets, or raises capital to fund its exploration and development programme, with the shares trading at just 0.17x our Core NAV we believe the market is overpricing this risk.





(FY-Dec.)	2012A	2013A	2014E	2015E
Production (Kboep	d) 0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Rev. (€mm)	€ 0	€0	€0	€0
EBITDA (€mm)	-€ 19	-€ 3	-€ 6	-€ 6
EPS Adj.	- \$0.37	- \$0.14	- \$0.15	- \$0.16
P/E			na	na
Brent (\$/bl)	\$111.4	\$108.9	\$108.3	\$100.0
UK Spot (p/therm)	59.1	66.9	59.5	59.5
Dividend	\$0.00	Yield		0.0%
Shares O/S (mm)	64.6	Mkt. Ca	p (mm)	£116
Float O/S (mm)	54.5	Float Ca	ap (mm)	£98
Wkly Vol (000s)	884	Wkly £ \	Vol (mm)	£3.4
Net Debt (€mm)	-\$14	-		

Notes: Price & Target in £, all other values in € Major Shareholders: Tony O'Reilly 15.4%

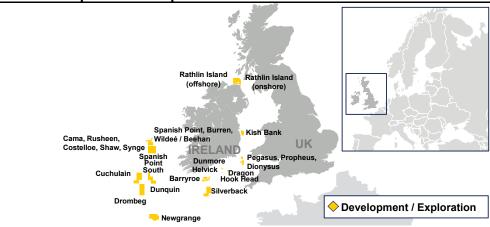
First Call Mean Estimates: PROVIDENCE RESOURCES PLC;

2012E: -€0.61 2013E: -€0.03

Company Summary: Providence Resources

Providence is an Irish based upstream oil and gas company active in the exploration and development of oil & gas assets offshore Ireland and the United Kingdom. Its cornerstone asset is Barryroe, a 311 mmbbl light oil discovery in the North Celtic Sea Basin. The company plans to participate in a multi-year drilling program in six different basins offshore Ireland. Providence does not have a production base, hence does not generate any cash at this stage. The company is registered in Ireland and has a listing on AIM and Irish Stock Exchange.

Exhibit 1: Operations Map



Source: BMO Capital Markets

Investment Positives

Valuation. Our Core NAV, which assumes a single farm-out scenario for Barryroe, is 1,061p, implying that Providence's shares are currently trading at 0.17x our estimated valuation. Our risked sum-of-parts is 3,088p/sh, which demonstrates the significant value potential of the forward drilling programme.

Investment Negatives

Funding. Providence currently has no production or cash flow. A return to equity markets would be difficult at the current share price, so the company is reliant on industry partners to fund the future drilling programme and development of Barryroe.

Investment Risks

Commodity price risk. Providence is exposed to movements in the Brent crude price. We forecast an oil price environment of US\$100 per barrel (Brent) and U.K. gas price of 59.5p/therm over the long term, but any ongoing weakness in oil & gas prices will negatively impact our valuation.

Exploration and appraisal failure. Providence's valuation is solely based on E&A assets. As a result any drilling disappointments could have a materially negative impact on the share price.

Development delays and cost overruns. The cornerstone Barryroe development forms the bulk of our Providence SoP, meaning that the negative financial impact of any development delays or cost overruns at this project will be reflected in our overall Providence valuation. Cost overruns are a particular risk, in our view, given Ireland's underdeveloped oil & gas service industry; however, we expect this will change as the local market develops.

Adverse moves in Ireland's fiscal terms. Ireland currently boasts an attractive fiscal regime in order to encourage inward investment. As interest in the region increases, we see the risk of the Irish government tightening its fiscal terms in order to capture more tax revenue from a blossoming oil & gas industry.

Investment Summary

We are initiating coverage of Providence Resources (PVR-LSE) with an Outperform rating and a £6.43 target price, which is based on a sum-of-parts net asset valuation.

The market's concern over the valuation of Barryroe is probably warranted to a degree, yet with the shares off 70% over the last 12 months the market now appears to be pricing in a very worst case scenario, which we believe is unlikely to be the case and gives too little credit to Barryroe's potential.

Given the technical risks with the field, a farm-out was always going to take time, and in our view is unlikely to be the deal the market originally hoped for. That said, we believe the value of Barryroe is sufficiently high for Providence to give away much more of the project than originally envisaged, and still retain value well in excess of its current market cap.

Provided a deal can be done, it not only unlocks the potential of Barryroe, but also brings the rest of the exploration portfolio into play. Understandably the market's focus has been on Barryroe but too often overlooked is the fact that Providence holds highly impressive acreage positions in seven other Irish basins that the company is looking to farm-down to get a free carry over further high impact prospects.

Exhibit 2: Share Price Comparison



Valuation

We value Providence at 3,088p/sh on a sum-of-parts basis, with 1,061p/sh of this valuation from the Barryroe development (under an assumed farm-out scenario), and the remainder from exploration drilling. Our 643p/sh price target is struck around a 50% discount to our Core NAV to reflect additional farm-down dilution. The shares are trading at just 0.17x our Core NAV of 1,049p/sh, which we believe overplays the development and dilution risks, and gives little to no credit to the high impact exploration drilling programme.

Catalysts

Farm-out. It's all about the farm-out of Barryroe. Management has guided to progress on a potential farm-out for some time, but the current share price tells us that the market either does not believe this will happen, or assumes a very worst case scenario. Given the time it has taken to reach an agreement, we believe a farm-out is unlikely to be the one originally envisaged by the market, but considering the amount of pessimism towards the process even a diluted deal could be a significant catalyst for the shares, particularly if there is an upfront cash element that will help fund the forward drilling programme.

Exploration drilling. An appraisal well on the Spanish Point gas-condensate discovery is scheduled to be drilled by Cairn Energy in Q2/14. We carry 100 mmboe for the prospect, in line with Senergy's assessment, which we estimate could be worth up to 226p/sh net to Providence in a success case. Providence's financial exposure to the well is capped at \$20 million, secured as part of an option exercised by Chrysaor in 2011.

Investment Debates

Is There Hope for Barryroe?

The relatively limited appraisal of Barryroe is clearly casting a shadow over the farm-out process. Whilst there may have been some delay to the start of the process, the considerable time it has now taken implies to us that companies are unwilling to commit to a development where there is so much uncertainty around the extent of the accumulation, primarily as a result of compartmentalisation.

Providence needs a farm-out to happen, both to develop Barryroe, but also to move on with the rest of its exploration portfolio. The issue therefore may not be whether a farm-out happens, but when it happens and under what terms. Fortunately for Providence, Barryroe is a high value project and Providence can afford to give away a considerable share and still retain sufficient value to more than justify the current share price.

Based on 2P reserves, a start-up in FY19, capex of US\$15/bbl and opex of US\$14/bbl (which we accept is indicative given the lack of a development plan) we estimate Providence's 80% interest in Barryroe could be worth 2,626p/sh (NPV10). Of course this assumes Providence is fully funded, and we would also not expect the market to give full credit for the development at this stage, but it does however highlight the material disconnect between the market's valuation and Barryroe's potential.

Although we think it is now unlikely, a best case scenario for Providence would be to farm out Barryroe for a full development carry, potentially with a contingent element to the deal to take into account the associated risks.

In this scenario, we assume Providence would farm-out 50% of its interest in Barryroe for a US\$700 million development carry, giving the farminee a 25% IRR to account for the considerable risks to the development. We estimate this could be worth up to 1,515p/sh net to Providence.

So what's the worst case deal?

Right now it appears that the industry is saying that Providence needs to further appraise Barryroe. We believe that the company may need to first consider an appraisal farm-out, i.e., reducing its interest in Barryroe to say 50% for a proportion of back costs, which we understand are likely to be around US\$100 million, and a carry for one or two appraisal wells. Providence would then be in a much stronger position to negotiate a full development carry.

Exhibit 3: Farm-out Scenarios

	Barryroe	Scenario A	Scenario B
Working Interest	80%	40%	25%
Recoverable reserves (mmboe)	346	346	173
Capex (US\$/bbl)	15	15	15
Opex (US\$/bbl)	14	14	19
Project NPV to PVR (p/sh)	2,626	1,515	504

Source: BMO Capital Markets

We have modelled a second farm-out, assuming the appraisal programme fails to de-risk the western extent of Barryroe, i.e., only 50% of 2C is recoverable. We forecast that Providence would further reduce its position to 25% for a carry to first oil of US\$420 million, which should give a partner a 15% IRR, lower to reflect the de-risked nature of the project at that stage. The result of this is that the value of Barryroe net to Providence would be 353p/sh risked (504p/sh unrisked), increasing to 434p/sh to account for the recovery of 85% of back-costs.

We accept this analysis is highly subjective, but considering the risks we see to achieving a development farm-out at this stage, it could be a floor in the valuation. It is quite interesting to note that this scenario still compares favourably against the current share price. Assuming the market does not yet ascribe any value to other exploration (the share price shows little excitement over Spanish Point), and the net cash is zero, then the implied value for Barryroe is US\$188 million (180p/sh), a fraction of what the development could be worth and lower than the worst case scenario discussed above.

What's in the Rest of the Portfolio?

EPANISH POINT
PURREN
SPANISH
POINT
POINT
POINT
OUTH

CUCHULAIN
DUNGUIN

Exhibit 4: Overview of Providence's Licences

Source: Providence Resources

Spanish Point (Providence 32%)

An appraisal well on the Spanish Point gas-condensate discovery is scheduled to be drilled by Cairn Energy in Q2/14. The discovery well in 1981 intersected a series of deep, overpressured Jurassic sandstone reservoirs. The shallower A sand successfully tested at ~5 mmscfd dry gas and 925 bpd of condensate, but the other sands were not productive due to the tight reservoir.

A potential development would not be straightforward, but reservoir properties are comparable to those of the Chiswick field which was successfully developed using horizontal fracked wells.

We carry 100 mmboe for the prospect, in line with Senergy's assessment, which we estimate could be worth up to 226p/sh net to Providence in a success case. Providence's financial exposure to the well is capped at \$20 million, secured as part of an option exercised by Chrysaor in 2011.

Providence has a number of other opportunities surrounding Spanish Point; however, of these the only one we include in our SoP valuation is the 66 mmboe Burren oil discovery (68p/share, 40% CoS), which if commercial could create attractive development efficiencies in a joint development with Spanish Point.

Dragon (Providence 100%)

Providence holds a 100% interest in the Dragon discovery, an Upper Jurassic gas discovery that straddles U.K. and Irish blocks (both 100% Providence) in the St. Georges Channel basin. Providence plans to find a partner to drill an appraisal well in 2015 (estimated cost US\$25 million).

Dragon appears only moderate risk and if the appraisal programme is successful a development would offer relatively straightforward tie-back to nearby infrastructure (e.g., Milford Haven LNG in Wales).

Internal estimates put the size of the recoverable resource at 200bcf, which we include in our SoP valuation at 62p/sh (50% risked), assuming a farm-out of 30%.

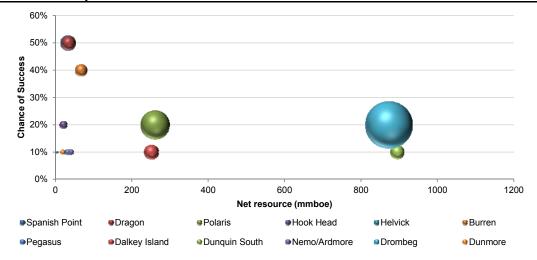
Providence also has other prospects in its portfolio that are part of its forward drilling programme including:

Exhibit 5: Exploration Portfolio

	Gross Resource	WI	Net Resource	CoS	\$/bbl	NPV(10)	Risked Value	Unrisked Value
Helvick	3	63%	2	10%	9.3	2	2 p	17 p
Dunmore	18	72%	13	10%	8.5	11	10 p	104 p
Hook Head	20	73%	15	20%	9.3	27	26 p	128 p
Pegasus	31	100%	31	10%	5.1	16	15 p	151 p
Polaris	260	100%	260	20%	8.5	440	418 p	2,091 p
Kish Bank	250	50%	125	10%	8.5	106	101 p	1,005 p
Drombeg	872	80%	698	20%	8.5	1,181	1,122 p	5,609 p
Total	1,454		1,143			1,783	1,693 p	9,105 p

Source: BMO Capital Markets

Exhibit 6: Exploration Portfolio



Source: BMO Capital Markets

Funding Situation

We estimate net cash at the end of 2013 of US\$19 million. Providence currently has no production or cash flow. A return to equity markets would be difficult at the current share price, so the company is reliant on industry partners to fund the future drilling programme and development of Barryroe.

An appraisal well on the Spanish Point (PVR 32%) gas-condensate discovery is scheduled to be drilled by Cairn Energy in Q2/14. Providence's financial exposure to the well is capped at \$20 million but given the current financial position we expect Providence to take steps to arrange additional funding pre-drill.

Key Management

Key members of the corporate executive committee include:

- Tony O'Reilly, Chief Executive Officer. Mr. O'Reilly is CEO of Providence Resources, having served on the Board since the company's incorporation in 1997. After graduating from Brown University in Rhode Island he worked in mergers and acquisitions at Dillon Read and in corporate finance at Coopers and Lybrand, advising natural resource companies. Mr. O'Reilly served as Chairman of Arcon International Resources until April 2005 (including as CEO from 1996 to 2000) when Arcon merged with Lundin Mining Corporation. Prior to joining Providence, he worked as CEO of Wedgwood from 2002 to 2005.
- Simon Brett, Chief Financial Officer. Mr. Brett was appointed CFO in May 2012, and has worked at Providence since 2008, most recently as Group Financial Controller. Prior to joining Providence, he held senior finance positions with Damovo Ireland Ltd. and Coca Cola Bottlers Ireland Ltd. Between 1996 and 2003, Mr. Brett worked in the U.K. for a number of multinational companies including Johnson Wax, Sega Europe Ltd and US Can Corporation. He has a BA in Business Studies from the Liverpool John Moores University and is a member of the Institute of Management Accountants, having qualified in 1996.
- John O'Sullivan, Technical Director. Mr. O'Sullivan has worked in the offshore business for more than 20 years, previously with Mobil and Marathon Ireland. He holds a B.Sc. in Geology from University College Cork, Ireland, an M.Sc. in Applied Geophysics from the National University of Ireland, Galway and an M.Sc. in Technology Management from The Smurfit School of Business at University College Dublin. Mr. O'Sullivan is a fellow of the Geological Society of London and member of The Geophysical Association of Ireland whilst also being the Irish regional coordinator for the Petroleum Exploration Society of Great Britain.

Valuation

Our Core NAV for Providence stands at 1,049p/sh, meaning the shares trade at just 0.17 times this, a substantial discount to the explorers peer group on 0.74x that we believe is unwarranted given the potential value of Providence's cornerstone Barryroe development asset.

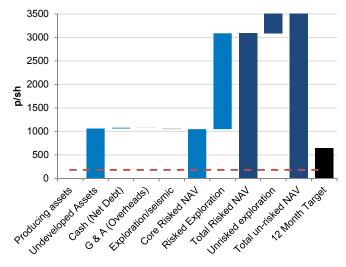
Although we expect Providence to face dilution as it farms down Barryroe, sells assets, or raises capital to fund its exploration and development programme, in our view the market is overpricing this risk. Our 643p/sh price target is struck at a 50% discount to Core NAV (but includes Spanish Point) to reflect Providence's dilution risk, and with ~250% upside to this target, we commence coverage of Providence Resources with an Outperform rating.

Exhibit 7: NAV Summary Table

	Value	Risked	Unrisked
Producing Assets	0.0	0 p	0 p
Development Assets	1,116.8	1,061 p	1,515 p
Net Cash/(Debt)	19.0	18 p	18 p
Admin & Decom.	(6.0)	(6 p)	(6 p)
Exploration	(25.0)	(24 p)	(24 p)
Other	0.0	0 p	0 p
Core NAV	1,104.8	1,049 p	1,504 p
2014 Exploration & Appraisal	624.7	593 p	2,441 p
Further drilling (Post 2014)	1,522.4	1,446 p	8,210 p
Sum of Parts	3,251.8	3,088 p	12,155 p

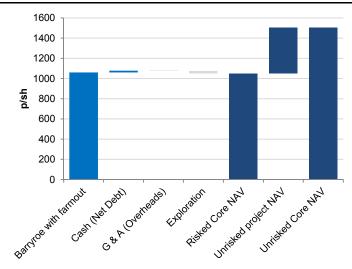
Source: BMO Capital Markets

Exhibit 8: Total Risked NAV Breakdown



Source: BMO Capital Markets

Exhibit 9: Core NAV Breakdown



Source: BMO Capital Markets

Exhibit 10: NAV Summary

Providence (P\									
Trovidence (F									
Region	Asset	Gross Resource mmboe	W.I. %	NetResource mmboe	Risking C.o.S.	Value/ boe \$/boe	NPV(10) US\$m	Risked value p/share	Unriske Valu p/sha
Production Assets									
n/a									
Total		0.0		0.0			0.0	0 p	0
Development Assets									
Celtic Sea	Barryroe w ith farmout	345.8	40%	138.3	70%	11.5	1,116.8	1,061 p	1,515
Total		345.8		138.3			1,116.8	1,061 p	1,515
Exploration Assets (1	l2 months)								
Main Porcupine Basin	Spanish Point	100.0	32%	32.0	50%	7.5	119.2	113 p	226
St George's Channel	Dragon	33.3	70%	23.3	50%	5.6	65.2	62 p	124
Rathlin	Polaris	260.0	100%	260.0	20%	8.5	440.3	418 p	2,091
Total		393.3		315.3			624.7	593 p	2,441
Further Drilling (> 12	months)								
Celtic Sea	Hook Head	20.0	73%	14.5	20%	9.3	27.0	26 p	128
Celtic Sea	Helvick	3.0	63%	1.9	10%	9.3	1.7	2 p	17
South Porcupine	Burren	66.0	32%	21.1	40%	8.5	71.5	68 p	170
St George's Channel	Pegasus	31.3	100%	31.3	10%	5.1	15.9	15 p	151
Kish Bank	Dalkey Island	250.0	50%	125.0	10%	8.5	105.8	101 p	1,005
South Porcupine	Dunquin South	894.0	16%	143.0	10%	6.8	96.9	92 p	920
Celtic Sea	Nemo/Ardmore	40.0	54%	21.8	10%	5.1	11.2	11 p	106
South Porcupine	Drombeg	872.0	80%	697.6	20%	8.5	1,181.3	1,122 p	5,609
Celtic Sea	Dunmore	18.0	72%	13.0	10%	8.5	11.0	10 p	104
Total		2,194.3		1,069.1			1,522.4	1,446 p	8,210
Exploration Risked U	oside			1,384.4					

Exploration Risked Upside 1,384.4

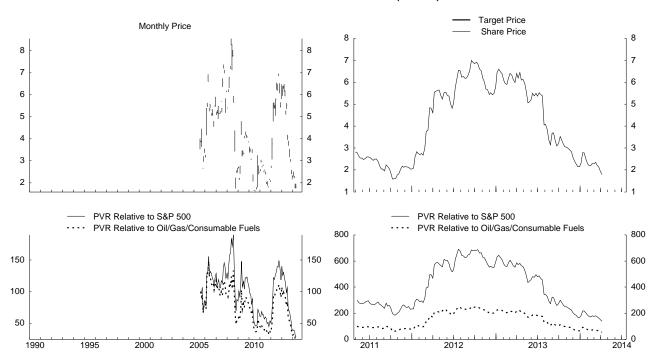
Valuation Multiples			Value	Risked	Unrisked
No. of Shares (diluted)	65.0	Producing Assets	0.0	0 p	0 p
fx	1.6	Development Assets	1,116.8	1,061 p	1,515 p
Share Price	180 p	Net Cash/(Debt)	19.0	18 p	18 p
Core NAV	1,049 p	Admin & Decom.	(6.0)	(6 p)	(6 p)
P/Core NAV	0.2	Exploration	(25.0)	(24 p)	(24 p)
P/Total Risked SoP	0.1	Other	0.0	0 p	0 p
Upside to SoP	1616%	Core NAV	1,104.8	1,049 p	1,504 p
2P Reserves (mmboe)	-	2014 Exploration & Appraisal	624.7	593 p	2,441 p
EV/2P boe	n/a	Further drilling (Post 2014)	1,522.4	1,446 p	8,210 p
Market Cap	£ 117.0m	Sum of Parts	3,251.8	3,088 p	12,155 p
EV	£ 105.3m				

Source: BMO Capital Markets

Exhibit 11: Financial Summary

P&L		2011A	2012A	2013A	2014E	2015E					Risked	Risked	Sc
Revenue	€m	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	12-month Catalysts		WI %	CoS %	NAV \$m N	IAV p/sh l	Jpside
Total Cost of Sales	€m	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Spanish Point		32.0%	50.0%	119.2	113 p	62.9
Exploration Costs Written Off	€m	(2.2)	(1.5)	(1.6)	(1.7)	(1.8)	Dragon		70.0%	50.0%	65.2	62 p	34.4
Administrative Costs	€m	(1.9)	(3.9)	(4.1)	(4.3)	(4.6)	Polaris		100.0%	20.0%	440.3	418 p	929.2
Other	€m	(4.8)	(16.0)	0.0	0.0	0.0							
Profit Before Interest and Tax	€m	(8.9)	(21.4)	(5.7)	(6.0)	(6.3)							
Net Finance Income/(Expense)	€m	(5.0)	(2.8)	(3.1)	(3.4)	(3.8)							
Profit Before Tax	€m	(13.9)	(24.2)	(8.8)	(9.4)	(10.1)							
Taxation	€m	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	Production Summary	1	2011A	2012A	2013A	2014E	201
Profit After Tax	€m	(13.9)	(24.2)	(8.8)	(9.4)	(10.1)	Production WI		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	(
EBITDA	€m	(6.3)	(18.6)	(3.0)	(6.0)	(6.3)	50						
EV/EBITDA	x	(30.8)	(6.6)	(41.2)	(21.1)	(20.9)	45						
No. of Shares	m	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	65.0	40						
₽S	€/sh	(0.2)	(0.4)	(0.1)	(0.1)	(0.2)	35						
							B 30						
Cashflow Statement		2011A	2012A	2013A	2014E	2015E	pd 30 25 25						
Cashflow from Operations	€m	(0.4)	11.6	(4.9)	(5.5)	(6.0)	20						
ncl Cash Tax	€m	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	15						
Cashflow from Investing	€m	(18.1)	(53.9)	6.4	0.5	0.5	10						
ncl Capex	€m	0.0	0.0	(10.0)	0.0	0.0	5						
Cashflow from Financing	€m	27.7	40.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	2011A 2012A	2013E 2	014E 2015E	2016E	2017E 201	BE 2019E	2020E
let Cashflow	€m	9.4	(1.7)	1.5	(5.0)	(5.5)							
2.1		00444	22424	00404	00445	20455							
Balance Sheet Cash and Cash Equivalents	€m	2011A 18.6	2012A 16.8	2013A 18.3	2014E 13.3	2015E 7.8	SoP Sensitivity to Bre	nt & WA	CC (n/eh)				
Exploration Assets	€m	36.2	67.1	56.8	52.4	47.9	LT Brent \$/bbl	III & WA	70.0	85.0	100.0	115.0	130
Prod'n & Devel. Assets	€m	46.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	WACC	14%	2,342.2	2,541.4	2,700.5	2,867.5	3,045
Short Term Debt	€m	30.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	WACC	12%	2,524.1	2,723.3	2,882.3	3,049.4	3,227
Long Term Debt	€m	41.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		10%	2,729.9	2,929.1	3,088.2	3,255.2	3,433
Shareholder Equity	€m	7.9	68.1	59.3	49.9	39.8		8%	2,963.3	3,162.5	3,321.6	3,488.6	3,666
Shareholder Equity	CIII	7.5	00.1	33.3	45.5	00.0		0 /0	2,500.0	0,102.0	3,321.0	0,400.0	5,000
Gearing: Net Debt(Cash)/Equity	%	676%	(25)%	(31)%	(27)%	(20)%	Statistics per boe		2011A	2012A	2013A	2014E	201
							Sales revenue/ boe	\$/boe	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n
Assumptions		2011A	2012A	2013A	2014E	2015E	EBIT/ boe	\$/boe	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n
Brent oil price	\$/boe	111.1	111.4	108.9	108.3	100.0	Profit/ boe	\$/boe	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n
UK gas price	£/therm	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.6	Opex/ boe	\$/boe	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n
USD/GBP forex	\$	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	Capex/ boe	\$/boe	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n
							DD&A/ boe	\$/boe	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n
							Op. Cash flow/ boe	\$/boe	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n
Valuation											Value	Risked I	Inriske
No. of Shares (diluted)		65.0					Producing Assets				0.0	0 p	0
fx		1.6					Development Assets				1,116.8	1,061 p	1,515
^ Share Price		180 p					Net Cash/(Debt)				19.0	18 p	1,513
Core NAV		1,049 p					Admin & Decom.				(6.0)	(6 p)	(6
P/Core NAV		0.2					Exploration				(25.0)	(24 p)	(24
P/Total Risked SoP		0.1					Other				0.0	(2+ p) 0 p	0
Upside to SoP		1616%					Core NAV				1,104.8	1,049 p	1,504
2P Reserves (mmboe)		-					2014 Exploration & App	raisal			624.7	593 p	2,441
EV/2P boe		n/a					Further drilling (Post 201				1,522.4	1,446 p	8,210
		n/a £ 117.0m					Sum of Parts	17)			3,251.8	3,088 p	
Varket Cap		, 117 (111)					ouiii oi Parts				J.∠51.ŏ	3.U66 D	14.155

Providence Resources (PVR)



PVR - Rating as of 14-Feb-14 = NR

Last Weekly Data Point: April 4, 2014 Sources: Bloomberg, Thomson Reuters, BMO Capital Markets.



IMPORTANT DISCLOSURES

Analyst's Certification

I, David Round, ACA, hereby certify that the views expressed in this report accurately reflect my personal views about the subject securities or issuers. I also certify that no part of my compensation was, is, or will be, directly or indirectly, related to the specific recommendations or views expressed in this report.

Analysts who prepared this report are compensated based upon (among other factors) the overall profitability of BMO Capital Markets and their affiliates, which includes the overall profitability of investment banking services. Compensation for research is based on effectiveness in generating new ideas and in communication of ideas to clients, performance of recommendations, accuracy of earnings estimates, and service to clients.

Analysts employed by BMO Nesbitt Burns Inc. and/or BMO Capital Markets Ltd. are not registered as research analysts with FINRA. These analysts may not be associated persons of BMO Capital Markets Corp. and therefore may not be subject to the NASD Rule 2711 and NYSE Rule 472 restrictions on communications with a subject company, public appearances and trading securities held by a research analyst account.

Methodology and Risks to Price Target/Valuation

Methodology: We use a NAV approach to our E&P valuations. We run a DCF on each field at our long-term oil price of US\$100/bbl, based on the total resources (normally proved and probable reserves). Our NAV is a sum-of-parts that aggregates the value of each field. We apply risk factors to each project, based on our view of the likelihood of each project proceeding at the rates and timing implied by the models. We also include a risked exploration upside element, which is based on recoverable volumes, adjusted for the perceived risk of the prospect.

Risks: Hydrocarbon exploration and production is a risky operation with a high element of uncertainty. Exploration results of E&P companies can have a significant effect on our estimates of earnings and target price. Volatile commodity prices as a result of geopolitical issues, plus supply and demand factors may negatively impact our forecast earnings, cash flows and economic returns. The recent history of the industry has been one of failure to meet schedule dates and budgets for major projects, which could negatively affect our forecasts. Higher commodity prices could also lead to higher capital and operating costs. Oil & gas reserves are the best estimate of the company at the effective date of the release, and are subject to subsequent, possibly material, negative revisions.

Distribution of Ratings (March 31, 2014)

Rating		BMOCM US	BMOCM US	BMOCM US	BMOCM	BMOCM	Starmine
Category	BMO Rating	Universe*	IB Clients**	IB Clients***	Universe****	IB Clients****	Universe
Buy	Outperform	42.0%	21.5%	60.7%	40.8%	53.6%	53.6%
Hold	Market Perform	52.8%	10.8%	38.2%	52.8%	43.8%	40.8%
Sell	Underperform	5.2%	3.2%	1.1%	6.3%	2.7%	5.6%

- * Reflects rating distribution of all companies covered by BMO Capital Markets Corp. equity research analysts.
- ** Reflects rating distribution of all companies from which BMO Capital Markets Corp. has received compensation for Investment Banking services as percentage within ratings category.
- *** Reflects rating distribution of all companies from which BMO Capital Markets Corp. has received compensation for Investment Banking services as percentage of Investment Banking clients.
- **** Reflects rating distribution of all companies covered by BMO Capital Markets equity research analysts.
- ***** Reflects rating distribution of all companies from which BMO Capital Markets has received compensation for Investment Banking services as percentage of Investment Banking clients.

Rating and Sector Key (as of April 5, 2013):

We use the following ratings system definitions:

OP = Outperform - Forecast to outperform the analyst's coverage universe on a total return basis

Mkt = Market Perform - Forecast to perform roughly in line with the analyst's coverage universe on a total return basis

Und = Underperform - Forecast to underperform the analyst's coverage universe on a total return basis on a total return basis

(S) = speculative investment;

NR = No rating at this time;

 $R = Restricted - Dissemination \ of \ research \ is \ currently \ restricted.$

BMO Capital Markets' seven Top 15 lists guide investors to our best ideas according to different objectives (CDN Large Cap, CDN Small Cap, US Large Cap, US Small cap, Income, CDN Quant, and US Quant have replaced the Top Pick rating).

Prior BMO Capital Markets Ratings System (January 4, 2010–April 4, 2013):

http://researchglobal.bmocapitalmarkets.com/documents/2013/prior_rating_system.pdf

Other Important Disclosures

For Other Important Disclosures on the stocks discussed in this report, please go to http://researchglobal.bmocapitalmarkets.com/Public/Company Disclosure Public.aspx or write to Editorial Department, BMO Capital Markets, 3 Times Square, New York, NY 10036 or Editorial Department, BMO Capital Markets, 1 First Canadian Place, Toronto, Ontario, M5X 1H3.

Dissemination of Research

BMO Capital Markets Equity Research is available via our website https://research-ca.bmocapitalmarkets.com/Public/Secure/Login.aspx?ReturnUrl=/Member/Home/ResearchHome.aspx. Institutional clients may also receive our research via Thomson Reuters, Bloomberg, FactSet, and Capital IQ. Research reports and other commentary are required to be simultaneously disseminated internally and externally to our clients.

General Disclaimer

BMO Capital Markets" is a trade name used by the BMO Investment Banking Group, which includes the wholesale arm of Bank of Montreal and its subsidiaries BMO Nesbitt Burns Inc., BMO Capital Markets Ltd. in the U.K. and BMO Capital Markets Corp. in the U.S. BMO Nesbitt Burns Inc., BMO Capital Markets Ltd. and BMO Capital Markets Corp are affiliates. Bank of Montreal or its subsidiaries ("BMO Financial Group") has lending arrangements with, or provide other remunerated services to, many issuers covered by BMO Capital Markets. The opinions, estimates and projections contained in this report are those of BMO Capital Markets as of the date of this report and are subject to change without notice. BMO Capital Markets endeavours to ensure that the contents have been compiled or derived from sources that we believe are reliable and contain information and opinions that are accurate and complete. However, BMO Capital Markets makes no representation or warranty, express or implied, in respect thereof, takes no responsibility for any errors and omissions contained herein and accepts no liability whatsoever for any loss arising from any use of, or reliance on, this report or its contents. Information may be available to BMO Capital Markets or its affiliates that is not reflected in this report. The information in this report is not intended to be used as the primary basis of investment decisions, and because of individual client objectives, should not be construed as advice designed to meet the particular investment needs of any investor. This material is for information purposes only and is not an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any security. BMO Capital Markets or its affiliates will buy from or sell to customers the securities of issuers mentioned in this report on a principal basis. BMO Capital Markets or its affiliates, officers, directors or employees have a long or short position in many of the securities discussed herein, related securities or in options, futures or other derivative instruments based thereon. The reader should assume that BMO Capital Markets or its affiliates may have a conflict of interest and should not rely solely on this report in evaluating whether or not to buy or sell securities of issuers discussed herein.

Additional Matters

To Canadian Residents: BMO Nesbitt Burns Inc. furnishes this report to Canadian residents and accepts responsibility for the contents herein subject to the terms set out above. Any Canadian person wishing to effect transactions in any of the securities included in this report should do so through BMO Nesbitt Burns Inc.

The following applies if this research was prepared in whole or in part by Andrew Breichmanas, Iain Reid, Tony Robson, David Round, Edward Sterck or Brendan Warn: This research is not prepared subject to Canadian disclosure requirements. This research is prepared by BMO Capital Markets Limited and subject to the regulations of the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) in the United Kingdom. FCA regulations require that a firm providing research disclose its ownership interest in the issuer that is the subject of the research if it and its affiliates own 5% or more of the equity of the issuer. Canadian regulations require that a firm providing research disclose its ownership interest in the issuer that is the subject of the research if it and its affiliates own 1% or more of the equity of the issuer that is the subject of the research. Therefore BMO Capital Markets Limited will only disclose its and its' affiliates ownership interest in the subject issuer if such ownership exceeds 5% of the equity of the issuer.

To U.S. Residents: BMO Capital Markets Corp. furnishes this report to U.S. residents and accepts responsibility for the contents herein, except to the extent that it refers to securities of Bank of Montreal. Any U.S. person wishing to effect transactions in any security discussed herein should do so through BMO Capital Markets Corp.

To U.K. Residents: In the UK this document is published by BMO Capital Markets Limited which is authorised and regulated by the Financial Conduct Authority. The contents hereof are intended solely for the use of, and may only be issued or passed on to, (I) persons who have professional experience in matters relating to investments falling within Article 19(5) of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 (Financial Promotion) Order 2005 (the "Order") or (II) high net worth entities falling within Article 49(2)(a) to (d) of the Order (all such persons together referred to as "relevant persons"). The contents hereof are not intended for the use of and may not be issued or passed on to, retail clients.

Unauthorized reproduction, distribution, transmission or publication without the prior written consent of BMO Capital Markets is strictly prohibited.

Click here for data vendor disclosures when referenced within a BMO Capital Markets research document.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST

BMO Financial Group (NYSE, TSX: BMO) is an integrated financial services provider offering a range of retail banking, wealth management, and investment and corporate banking products. BMO serves Canadian retail clients through BMO Bank of Montreal and BMO Nesbitt Burns. In the United States, personal and commercial banking clients are served by BMO Harris Bank N.A. (Member FDIC). Investment and corporate banking services are provided in Canada and the US through BMO Capital Markets.

BMO Capital Markets is a trade name used by BMO Financial Group for the wholesale banking businesses of Bank of Montreal, BMO Harris Bank N.A. (Member FDIC), BMO Ireland Plc, and Bank of Montreal (China) Co. Ltd. and the institutional broker dealer businesses of BMO Capital Markets Corp. (Member SIPC) and BMO Capital Markets GKST Inc. (Member SIPC) in the U.S., BMO Nesbitt Burns Inc. (Member Canadian Investor Protection Fund) in Canada, Europe and Asia, BMO Capital Markets Limited in Europe and Australia, and BMO Advisors Private Limited in India.

Nesbitt Burns" is a registered trademark of BMO Nesbitt Burns Corporation Limited, used under license. "BMO Capital Markets" is a trademark of Bank of Montreal, used under license. "BMO (M-Bar roundel symbol)" is a registered trademark of Bank of Montreal, used under license.

® Registered trademark of Bank of Montreal in the United States, Canada and elsewhere. TM Trademark Bank of Montreal

©COPYRIGHT 2014 BMO CAPITAL MARKETS CORP

A member of BMO Financial Group

