







Agenda



- Introduction
- Regional Setting
- Pre-Drill Prognosis
- Well Results
- Post Well Studies
- Summary





Acknowledgements



- FEL 3/04 Joint Venture Partners
 - ENI Ireland BV (Operator)
 - Repsol Exploracion Irlanda
 - Providence Resources plc
 - Sosina Exploration Limited
- Petroleum Affairs Division, Irish Government Department of Communications, Climate Action & Environment
- Previous FEL 3/04 Operator ExxonMobil Exploration & Production (Offshore) Ireland Limited
- Trinity College Dublin
- American Association of Petroleum Geologists (European Region)





Introduction



- Sparse vintage well & 2D seismic data suggested the potential presence of an extensive Lower Cretaceous carbonate province in the southern Porcupine Basin
- Published Lower Cretaceous trophic modelling studies indicate that conditions in the region would have been conducive to carbonate colonisation
- Exploration drilling targeting a primary Lower Cretaceous isolated carbonate platform play (**Dunquin North**) in the southern Porcupine Basin was undertaken in 2013 (ExxonMobil, 44/23-1)
 - Thematic set of carbonate papers to be presented at this conference for the first time (Providence, ENI & Repsol)
- The 44/23-1 well has proven the presence of potentially productive Lower Cretaceous carbonate reservoir systems in the southern Porcupine Basin
- A thick residual oil column was also encountered in these carbonates supporting the presence of a potentially prolific petroleum system





Introduction



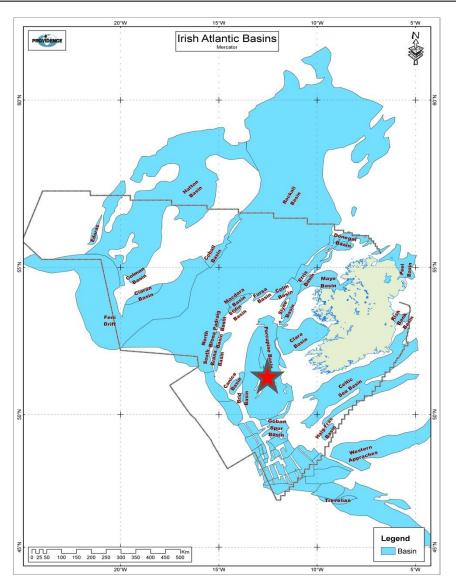








Regional Setting – Location Map



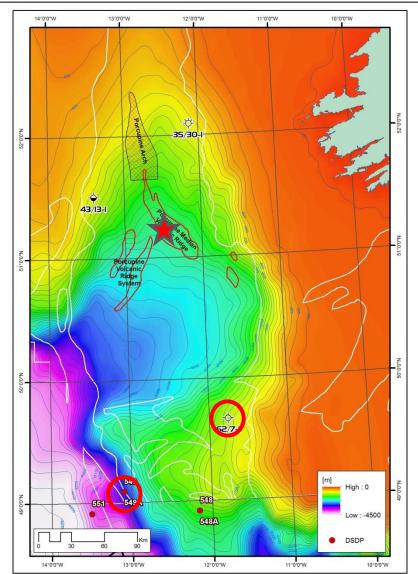


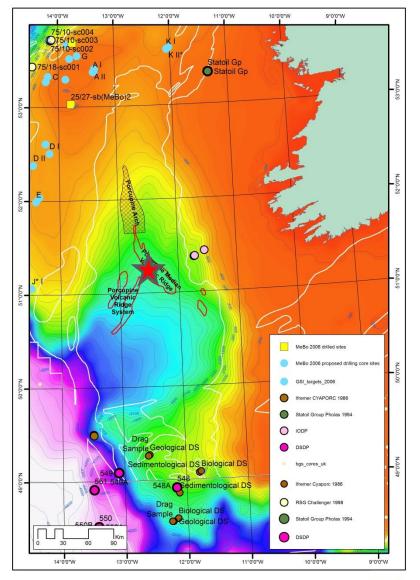






Regional Setting – Well/Seabed Core Data



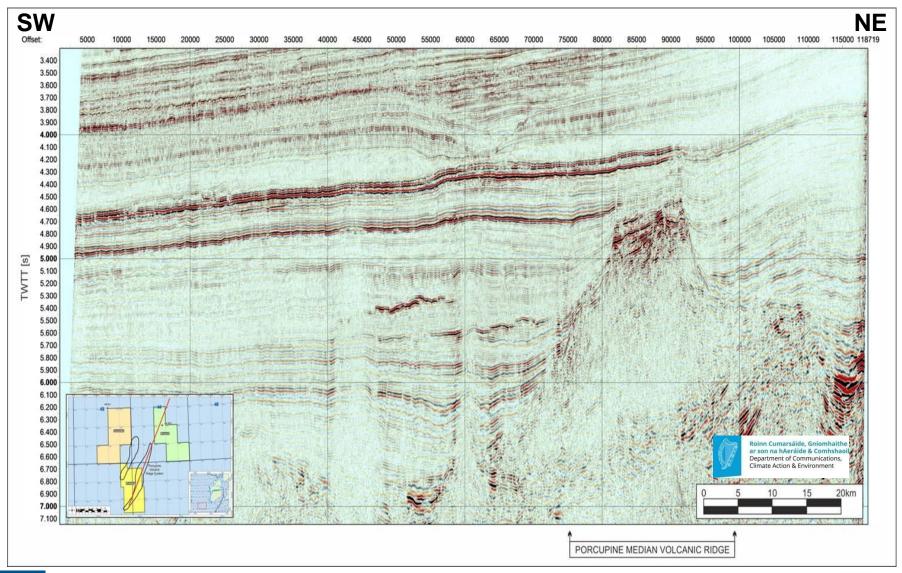








Regional Setting – Regional Seismic Line

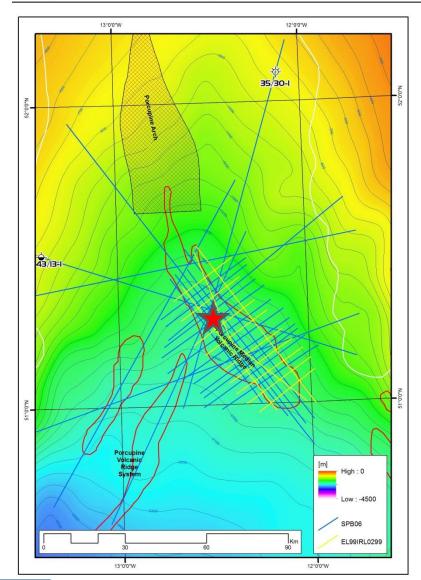


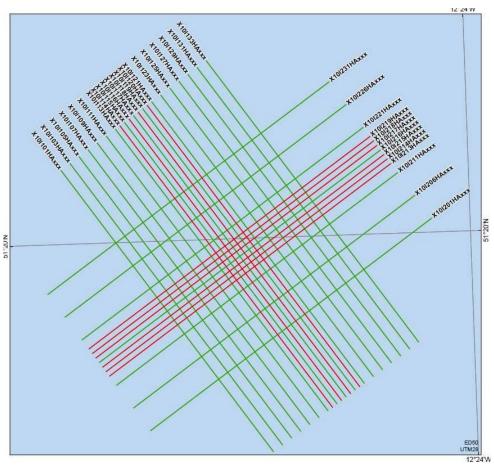






Regional Setting – 2D Seismic Data



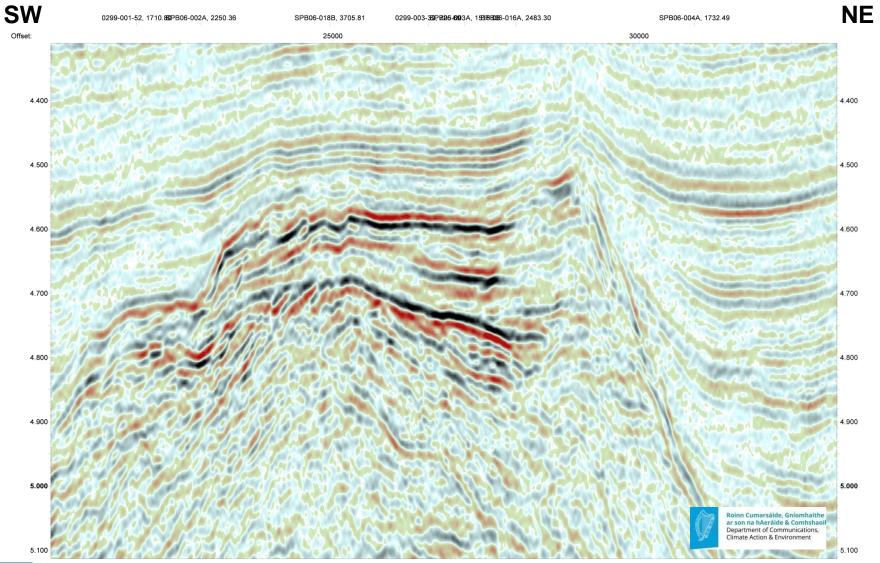








Regional Setting – Dunquin North: 2D Seismic Inline

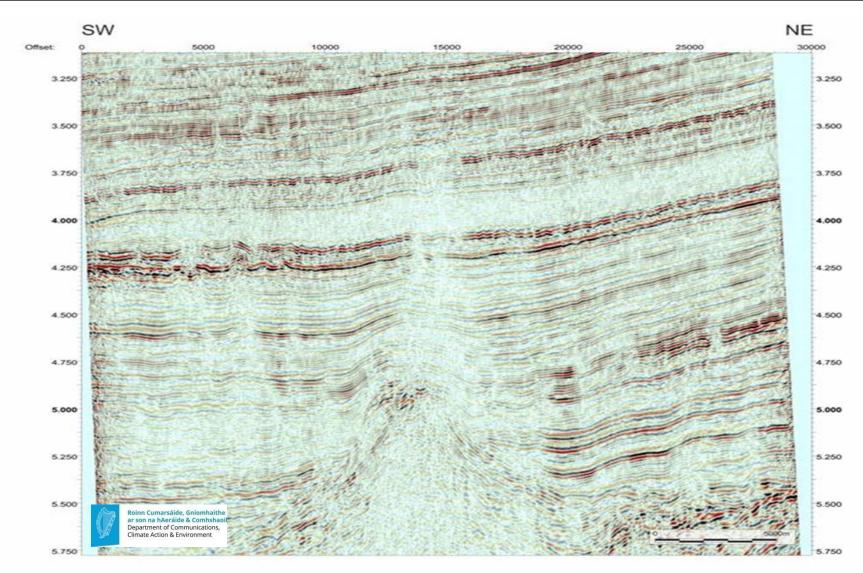








Regional Setting – Dunquin North: Fluid Escape

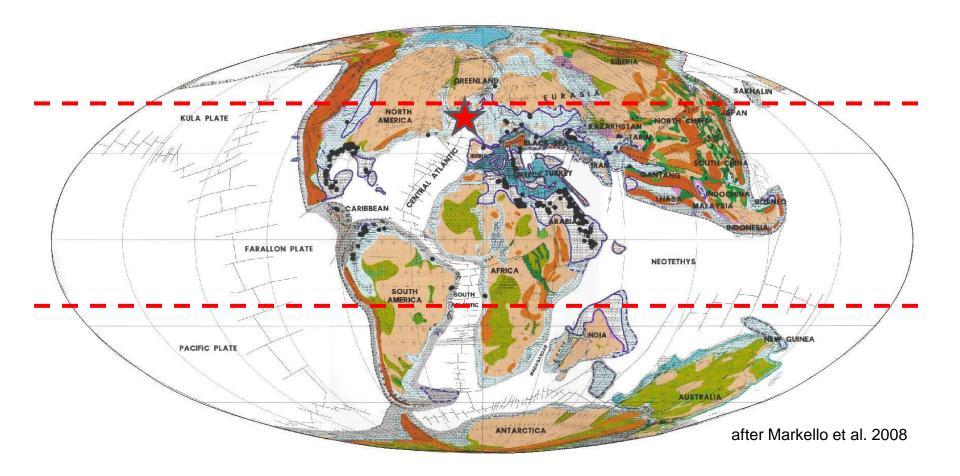












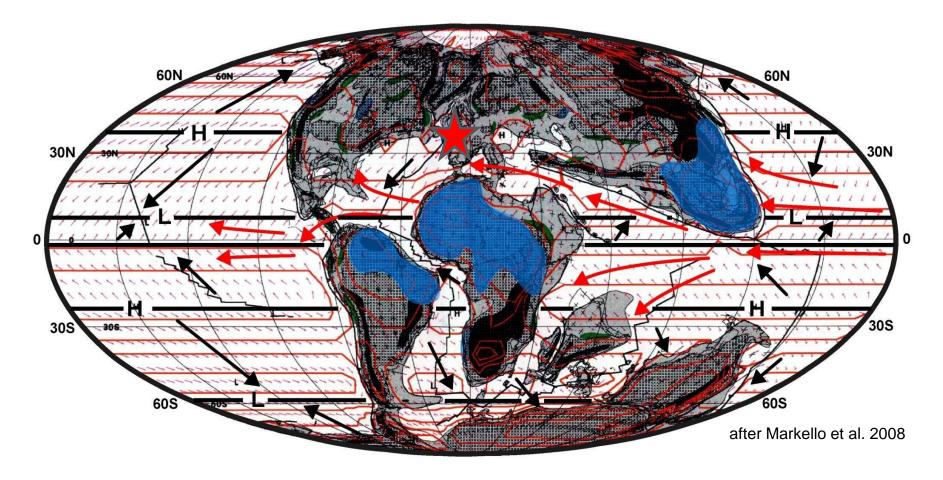






Regional Setting – CATT Map: Late Cretaceous – 88.8 Ma

Modelled Paleoclimates & Winds & Interpreted Hurricane Tracts

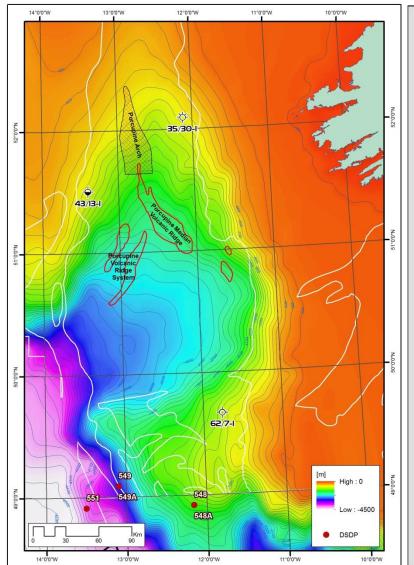


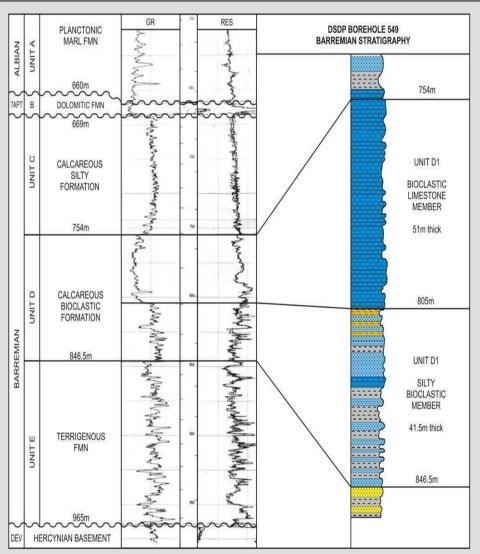






Regional Setting - Goban Spur: ODP Leg 80 DSDP 549 (1981)



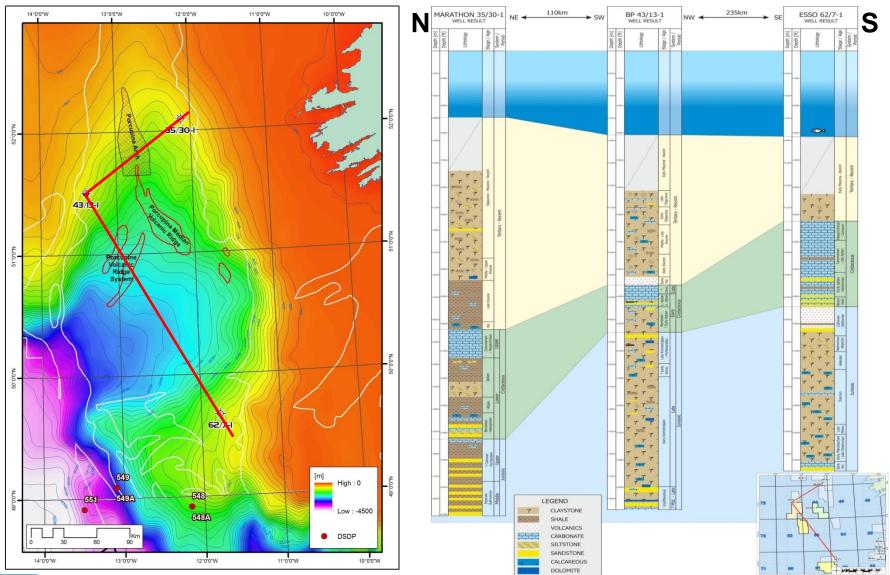








Regional Setting – Well Correlation Panel

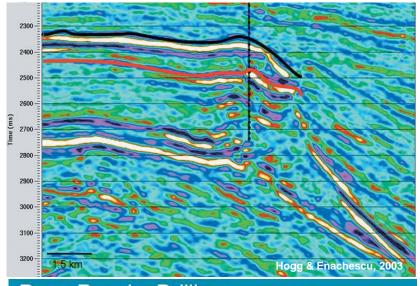


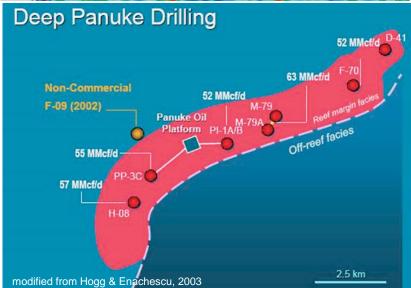


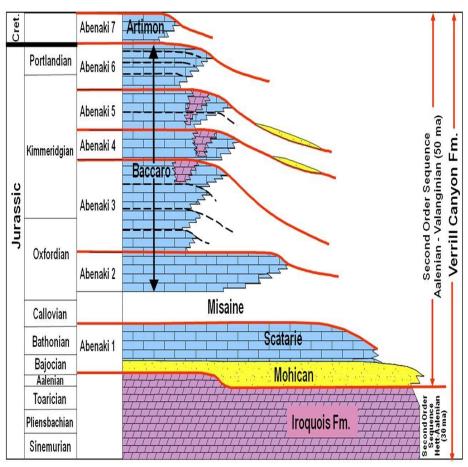




Regional Setting – Conjugate Analogues: Deep Panuke Field







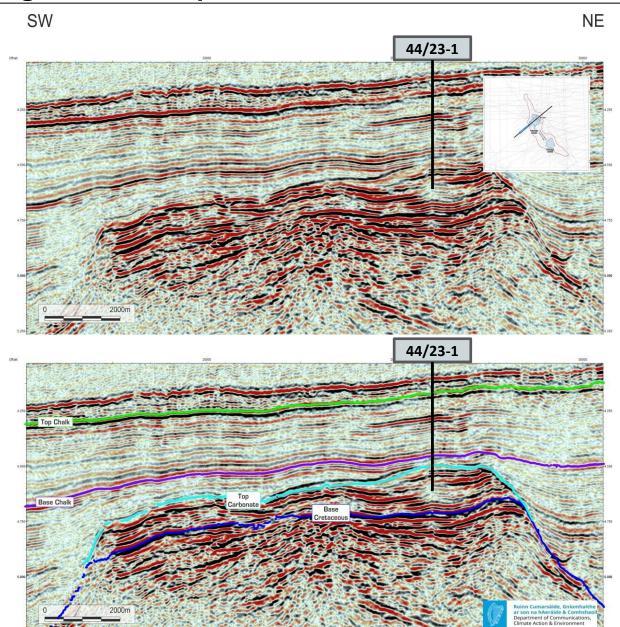
Harvey & MacDonald 2013







Pre-Drill Prognosis – Dunquin North: 2D Seismic Inline

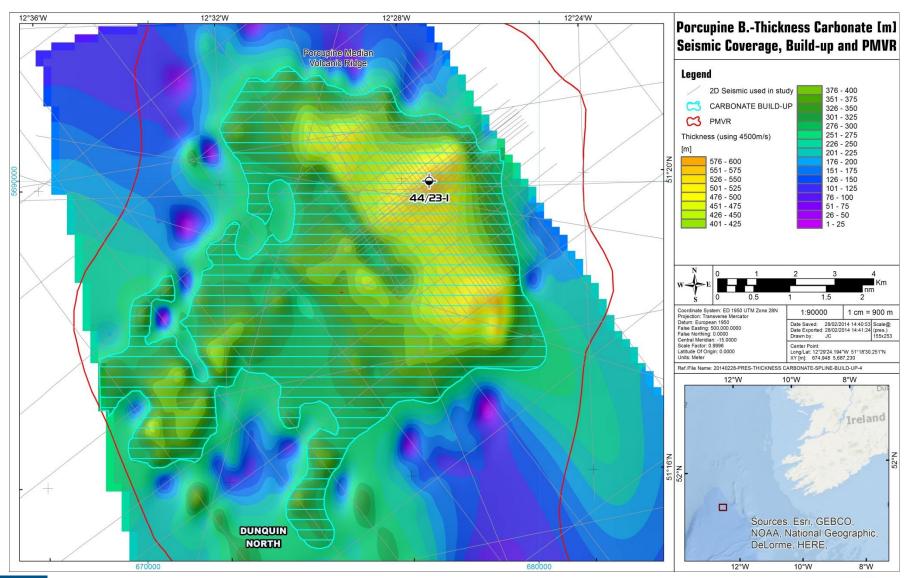








Pre-Drill Prognosis – Dunquin North: Carbonate Isochron

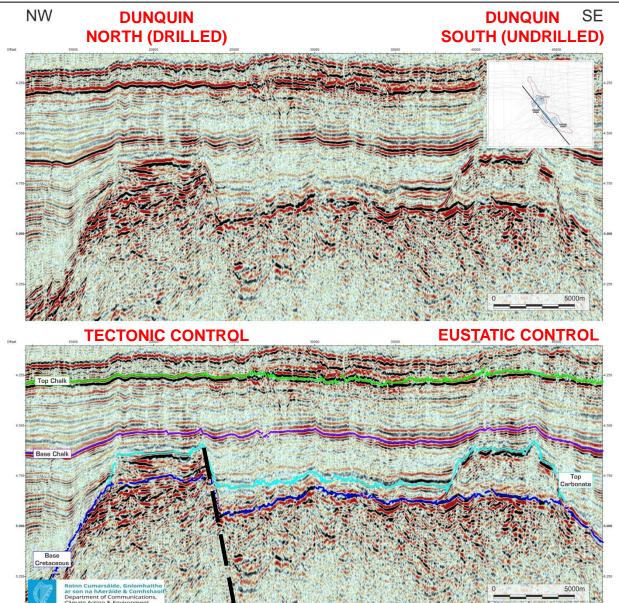








Pre-Drill Prognosis – Dunquin North vs Dunquin South

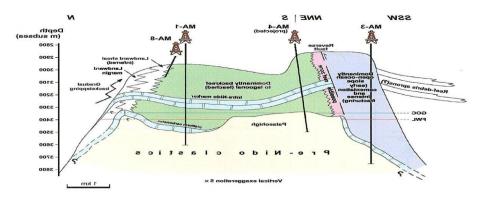




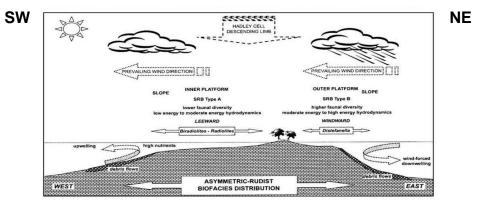


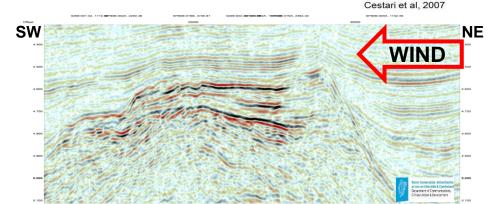


Pre-Drill Prognosis – Dunquin North: Subsurface Analogue



after Neuhaus et al. 2004



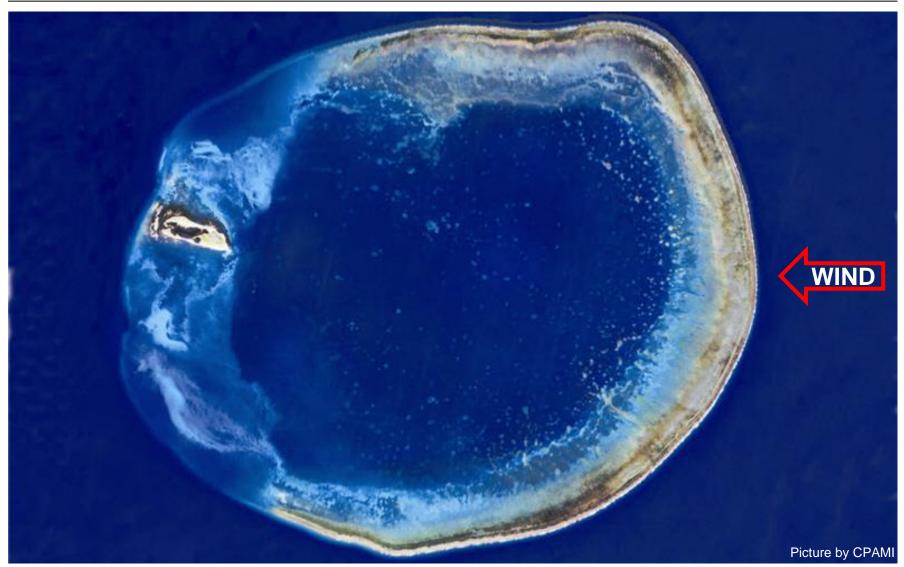








Pre-Drill Prognosis – Dongsha Atoll: Surface Analogue









Pre-Drill Prognosis – Dunquin North: Rudists?

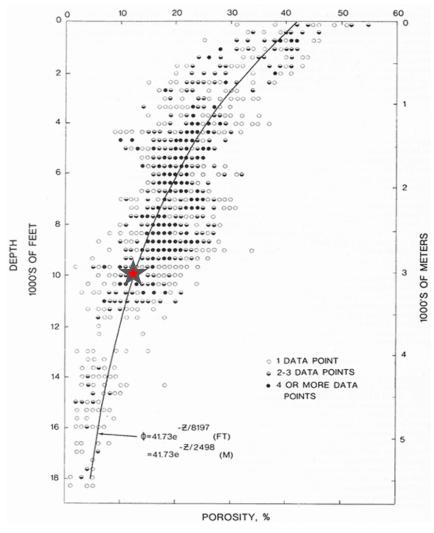


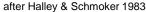






Pre-Drill Prognosis – Carbonate Porosity/Depth Prediction



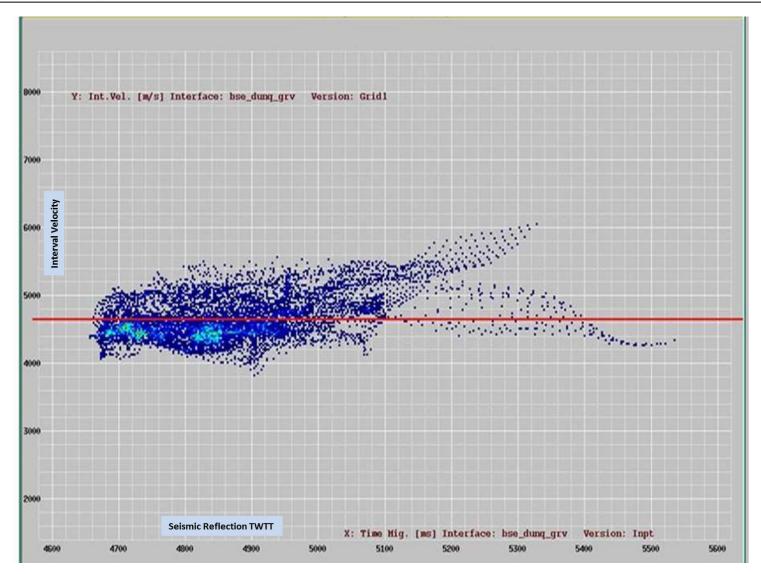








Pre-Drill Prognosis – Carbonate Interval Velocity Analysis

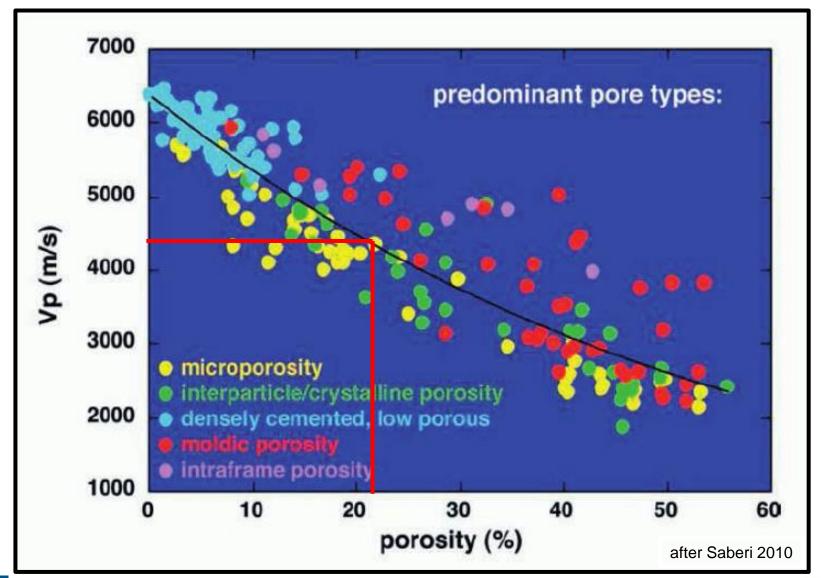








Pre-Drill Prognosis – Carbonate Porosity/Vint Prediction

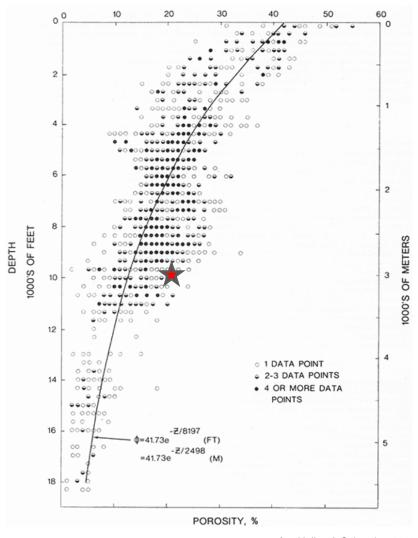


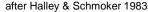




PROVIDENCE

Pre-Drill Prognosis – Carbonate Porosity/Depth/Vint Prediction













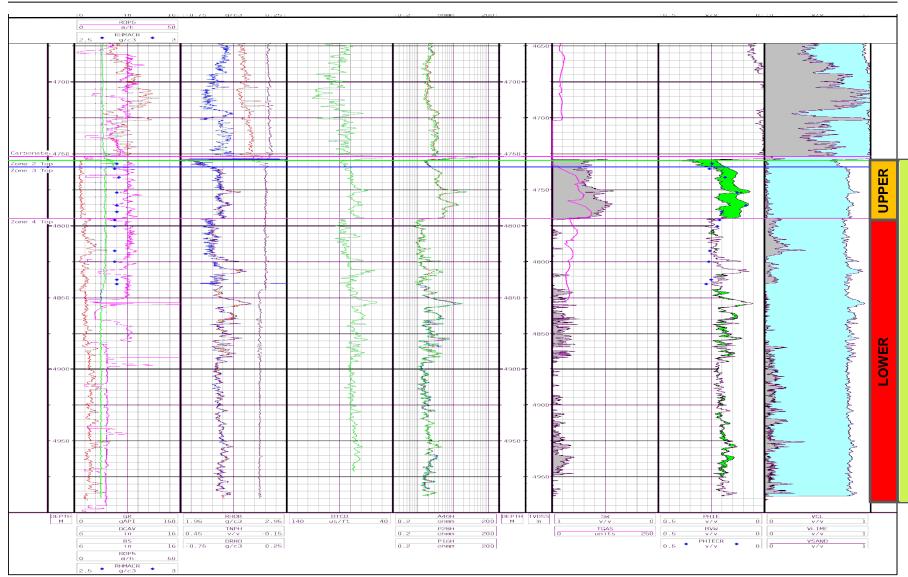






PROVIDENCE

Well Results – Petrophysical Interpretation

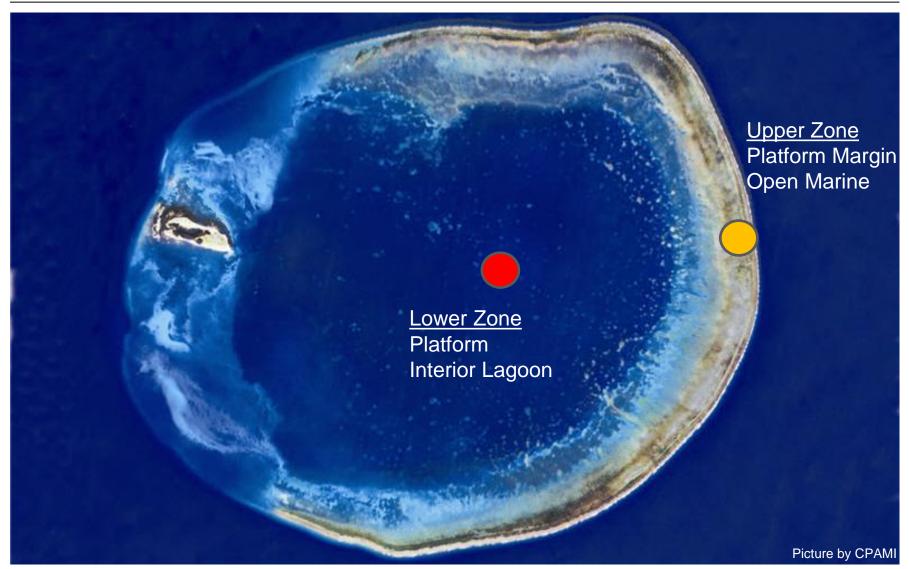








Post-Well Studies – Dunquin North: Interpreted EOD

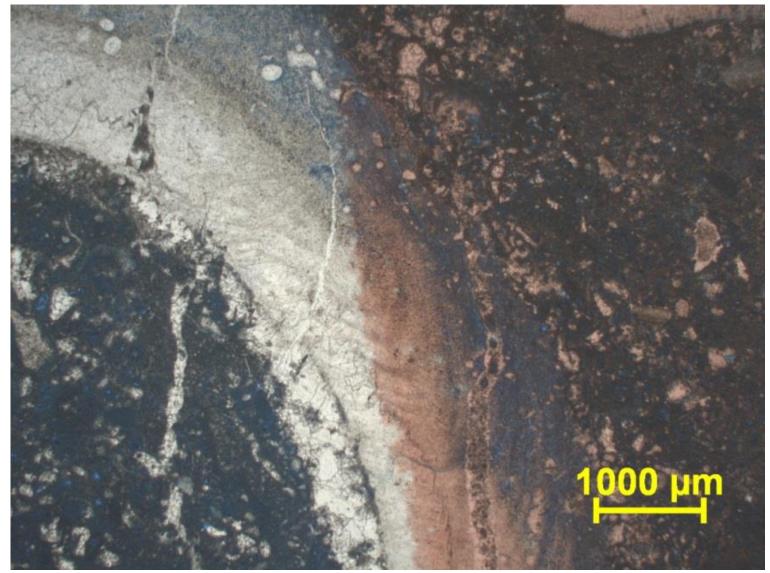








Post-Well Studies – Dunquin North: Rudist Floatstone

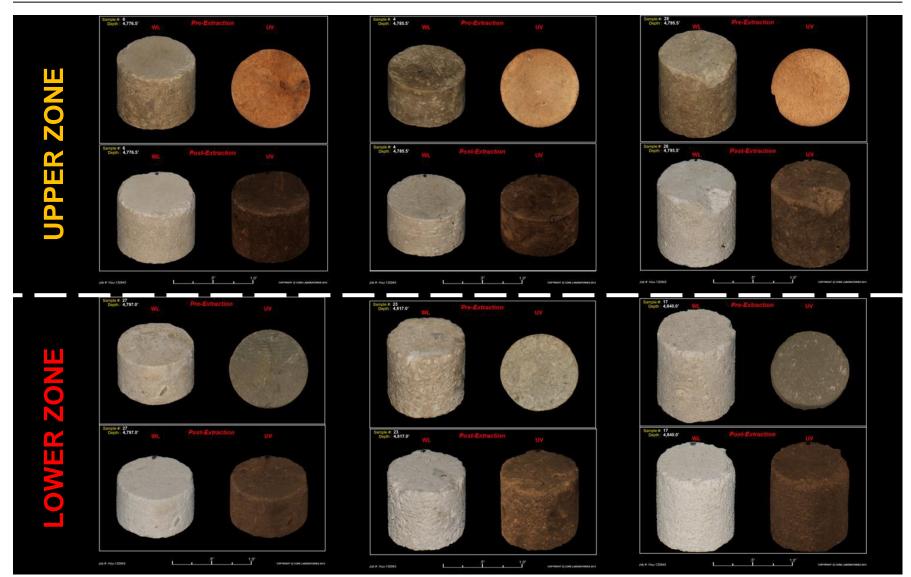








Post-Well Studies – Dunquin North: Rotary Sidewall Cores







Summary



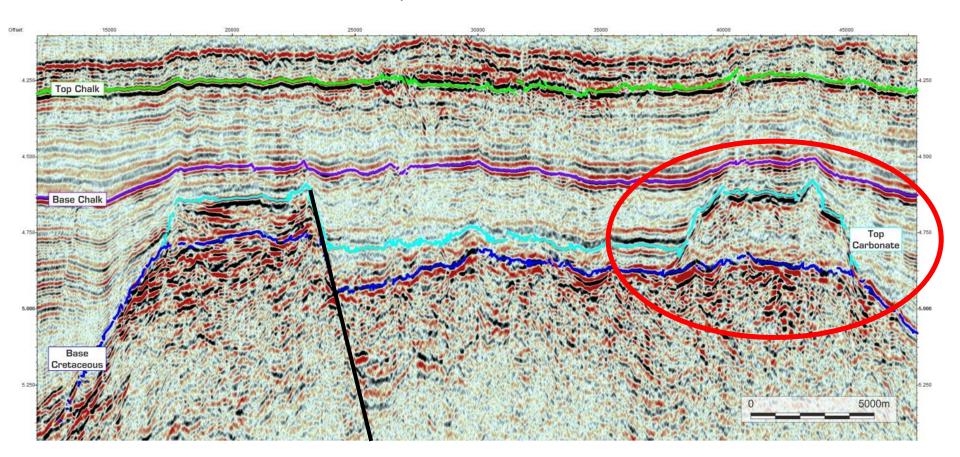
- Pre-drill modelling of the **Dunquin North** carbonate build-up was successful:
 - Seismically-derived morphologies correctly predicted Environment of Deposition (EOD) and were consistent with modelled regional paleo-environmental studies;
 - Seismic reflection interval velocity analysis correctly predicted porosity;
 - Mismatch between depth and velocity predictions attributed to porosity preservation due to early hydrocarbon emplacement.
- Working petroleum system has been demonstrated:
 - Significant residual oil column discovered in massive porous over-pressured Lower Cretaceous carbonate reservoir interval;
 - Breaching of the Dunquin North accumulation is probably evidenced by the presence of significant chimneys over that prospect.
- Remaining work now focused on material **Dunquin South** prospect
 - MC3D seismic data acquired over the acreage during 2017







DUNQUIN SOUTH....?



THANK YOU...



